DIG in situ

- *I. Probe preparation*
 - 1. Digest 10 ug plasmid DNA with the appropriate enzyme
 - 2. Check a small aliquot of the reaction to check the completion of the digestion
 - 3. Purify the linearized plasmid using the QIAquick Gel Extraction Kit (Qiagen)
- *II.* Synthesis of the riboprobe(all components from LaRoeche)

 Reaction mix: 1 ug purified linearized plasmid 2 ul 10X transcription buffer 2 ul 10X NTP-labelling mixture 1 ul Rnase inhibitor 2 ul RNA polimerase (SP6, T3 or T7) DEPC-treated dest. water up to 20 ul

Reaction time: 90 min at 37°C

To check the reaction load 1-2 ul from the mixture to 1.5-2% agarose gel and run shortly. The riboprobe should be visible on EtBr stained gel.

2. Add 2 ul RNase free DNase to the reaction mix and incubate 15 min at 37°C.

3. Add 2.5 ul NaAc (pH 5.2) and 100 ul Ethanol to precipitate the probe (incubate 30 min at -80° C)

4. Redissolve the pellet in 50-100 ul DEPC-treated water and store at -80° C for up to 1 year.

(Optional: the riboprobes work well up to 600 bp. If the probe longer than 600 bp, a partial hydrolysis should perform to reduce the length).

III. Tissue processing

We usually fix the tissue with alkaline fixative which significantly increase the signal intensity.

- 1. Fix the tissue overnight at 4°C in 4%PFA/TBS (50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 9.5, 150 mM NaCl)
- 2. Process for paraffin embedding.

IV. Section pretreatments:

- 1. Dewax slides 3 x 10 min in xylene and ethanol series
- 2. Postfix in 4%PFA/TBS (pH 9.5) for 20 min
- 3. Rinse 3-5 times in TBS (pH 7.5!)
- 4. treat sections for 10 min with 200 mM HCl
- 5. rinse 3-5 times in TBS (pH 7.5)
- 6. acetylate for 10 min in freshly prepared 0.5% acetic anhydride in 100 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0 (optional)

- 7. treat sections for 20-30 min in 10 ug/ml protK in TBS containing 2 mM CaCl2 at 37°C.
- 8. 2 times 5 min in TBS
- 9. dehydrate sections in ethanol series
- 10. rinse briefly in cloroform (optional)
- 11. place slides onto a heating plate at 55°C until the preparation of the hybridisation mixture.
- V. Hybridization
 - Dilute probe in hybridisation solution (2% SSC, 50% formamide, 10% dextran sulfate, 0.02% SDS, 0.01% sheared salmon sperm DNA). Incubate the mixture at 85°C for 5 min.
 - 2. add about 50 ul probe on section
 - 3. put the slides with the hybmix for 1 min an a 95°C heating plate (this step improve the signal/background ratio. However, bone sections can easily detach at this step. If this is the case, omit the this step.
 - 4. cover sections with parafilm
 - 5. incubate in humid chamber ON at 55°C.
- VI. Washes and Detection of the signal
 - 1. Incubate the sections in 2x SSC to remove the parafilm
 - 2. wash sections 3 x 30 min at 55°C with 50% formamide/1xSSC
 - 3. wash 3 x 20 min at RT with 1xSSC
 - 4. rinse 3 times in TBS (pH 7.5)
 - 5. block the sections with 10% sheep serum/TBS/0.1% Tween 20 for 1 hour
 - 6. incubate for 60-120 min with AP-conjugated anti-DIG AB (La Roche) in the blocking solution (dilution 1:500)
 - 7. Rinse 3 times in TBS
 - incubate the slides in DIGIII buffer (100 mM Tris, pH 9.5, 100 mM NaCl, 50 mM MgCl2)
 - 9. prepare the staining solution: 200 ul NBT/BCIP stock (La Rouche) in 10 ml DIG III
 - 10. cover the sections with the staining solution and stain at RT in humid chamber
 - 11. stop the reaction in TE buffer for 30 min
 - 12. Mount with Aquatex